WHEN SHOULD MY CHILD STAY HOME FROM SCHOOL?

This is a common question asked by parents. The following information is a list of guidelines you may use to determine if your child should stay home from school. Remember that these are guidelines only.

Appearance, Behavior: If your child is unusually tired, pale or lacks appetite, these

may be precursors to illness. These are sufficient reasons

to keep your child at home.

Eyes: If your child exhibits any redness, burning, itching, and/or

drainage from the eye, this may be a sign of conjunctivitis (pink eye), a contagious illness. Please keep your child at

home and see your healthcare provider.

Fever: If your child has a temperature greater than 100.2

degrees, he/she should be kept home. A child should be free of fever for at least 24 hours (without tylenol or

ibuprofen) before returning to school.

Nasal Discharge

And/or Chronic Cough: A child exhibiting these symptoms should be seen by your

healthcare provider. These conditions may be contagious

and require treatment.

Sore Throat: A child with a sore throat, fever and/or swollen glands

should remain home. Contact your healthcare provider.

Diarrhea: A child who experiences 2 or more watery stools in a 24

hour period, especially if combined with poor appearance

or nausea should remain home.

Vomiting: A child who has vomited 2 or more times in a 24 hour

period should remain at home. Students should not return to school until there has been no vomiting for 24 hours.

Rash: If your child exhibits a body rash, especially with fever or

itching, he/she should remain at home and be assessed by your healthcare provider. Any child with a suspicious rash will be sent home and will need to have verification from a health care provider that the rash is not contagious. Heat

rashes and allergic reactions are not contagious. These

children may attend school.

Earache without

Fever: A child does **NOT** need to be excluded from school, but

should be evaluated by your healthcare provider.

Lice/Scabies: A child infected may not return to school until they have

been treated and are free of lice. Examination by the

nurse is required before re-entering school.

Children with scabies may be re-admitted after treatment.

Bringing a child to school with the above symptoms puts other children and school staff members at risk of becoming ill. This information is offered so that we may improve the general health of all members of our school community.

As always, if you have any questions or concerns, please contact me. My goal is to enable your child to be at school as much as possible.

Sincerely,

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